

## **Global Personality Project Description**

Personality disorders (PDs) are associated with substantial health service utilization, poor treatment outcome, economic burden, and other public health issues and societal costs (Samuels, 2011). Unfortunately, PDs cannot be routinely assessed by health service providers or studied by researchers in many countries due to an absence of instruments validated for use in their country or language. The proposed study will help address this need by psychometrically evaluating two PD severity measures (LPFS-BF 2.0, PDS-ICD-11) across 36 countries and 23 languages. In pursuit of this aim, it will also be necessary to evaluate the psychometric properties of two additional measures (WHOQOL-BREF, TLS) that will be used as outcome criteria to investigate the predictive validity of the two PD measures. As the project's goal is to examine the international applicability of these instruments, we seek to empirically evaluate the instrument's measurement and predictive invariance across several countries and languages in which it is to be used (see Natoli et al., 2022; Steenkamp & Baumgartner, 1998).

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- Samuels, J. (2011) Personality disorders: Epidemiology and public health issues. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 23:3, 223-233. <https://doi.org/10.3109/09540261.2011.588200>
- Steenkamp, J. B. E., & Baumgartner, H. (1998). Assessing measurement invariance in cross-national consumer research. *Journal of Consumer Research*, 25(1), 78-90. <https://doi.org/10.1086/209528>